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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
10/051,898	01/17/2002	Hegeon Kwun	090936.0445	1790	
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BAKER BOTTS L.L.P.			EXAMINER		
PATENT DEPARTMENT 98 SAN JACINTO BLVD., SUITE 1500 AUSTIN, TX 78701-4039			FAYYAZ, NASHMIYA SAQIB		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2856		
			DATE MAIL FD: 07/08/2003	DATE MAILED: 07/08/2003	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
•	10/051,898	KWUN ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Nashmiya S. Fayyaz	2856				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 10 /	<u> April 2003</u> .					
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)□ Th	is action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-11 is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-11</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). 11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.						
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.						
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).						
 a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121. 						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Informal F	(PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)				
J.S. Patent and Trademark Office						

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1. Claims 1-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

In claim 1, on line 10, I s the "probe" reference difference from the "probe" on line 5 as implied by the "a"? On line 21, "occurance" should be -- occurrence --. On line 25, again are there two probes or one probe at 2 positions. As in the specification. In the last 2 lines of claim 1, "the shared path" lacks antecedent basis. In claims 8 and 9, "occurrence" is misspelled. In claim 9, "the median time" on line 4 lacks antecedent basis.

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Spisak et al US patent #5,591,912.

As to claims 1-11, Spisak et al. disclose a method and apparatus for ultrasonic inspection of a conduit including directing a first ultrasonic pulse at the conduit and receiving reflection data, and directing a second pulse and receiving reflections, comparing the received sounds (23/23') include sounds such as from a crack C or deposit (24/24'), (35/35') plotting the reflected sounds versus time and laying them over one another to determine overlap i.e. time-shifting and determining coincidence where overlap would be indicative of a defect, see co.. 4, lines 21 et seq.

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Further, it is noted that Spisak et al. fail to disclose usage of a "long range wave" or detection of "peak" signals. However, it is noted that "long range" is a relative term with no range provided in the claims. Therefore, specification of the pulses disclosed by Spisak et al. as "long range" would have been a matter of design choice as a relative term based on the size of the conduit being evaluated. As to detecting of peak signals, it is well-known in the art of ultrasonic that peaks represent a signal response as the received wave will have many components and the peak is generally termed the "reflected sound" as indicated by Spisak et al. As to claim 3, see col. 6, lines 14-20. As to claims 4 and 5, usage of the frequency domain as an alternative to the time domain is old and well -known in the art of ultrasonics. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art of ultrasononics at the time of the invention to have employed the frequency domain as an equivalent alternative to the time domain as a matter of design choice known in the art. As to claims 6 and 7 note the establishment of a baseline" in the reflected sound plots. As to claim 9, as best understood, Spisak et al. Refer to "data processing" to enhance distinction between noise and reflected sounds produced by defects which is known to be accomplished via thresholds. As to claim 10, the type of probe is not disclosed as "magnetostrictive". However, magnetostrictive transducers are old and well-known in the are of ultrasonic pipe testing. Therefore, usage of magnetostrictive transducers is considered to have been a matter of design choice obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention.

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4. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-11 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

5. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to N. Fayyaz at telephone number 305-4891.

fayyaz/ds

06/23/03